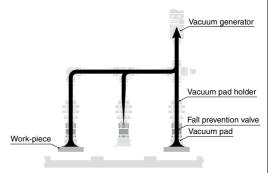
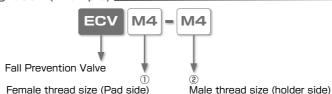


Valve for several vacuum pads with single vacuum supply Fall Prevention Valve

- Minimize the pressure drop of other circuit when a workpiece falls down.
- Even if some vacuum pads are not operated, active vacuum pads can normally work, because the vacuum drop is reduced.



■ Model Designation (Example)



1). Female thread size (Pad side)

Thread type		Taper pipe thread				
Code	M3	M3 M4 M5 M6 M10				
Size (mm)	M3×0.5	M4×0.7	M5×0.8	M6×1	M10×1.5	Rc1/8

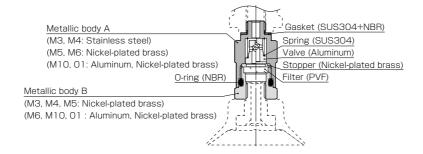
2). Male thread size (holder side)

Thread type		Taper pipe thread				
Code	M3	01				
Size (mm)	M3×0.5	M4×0.7	M5×0.8	M6×1	M10×1.5	Rc1/8

Specifications

Fluid medium	Air
Operating pressure renge	Positive pressure ∶ 0 ~ 0.7MPa
Operating pressure range	Negative pressure : 0 ~ -100kPa
Operating temp. range	0 ~ 60°C (No freezing)

Construction

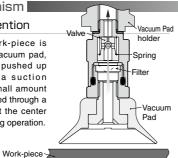


Related Products

Vacuum pad series

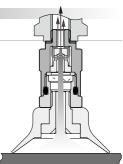
- Vacuum pad Standard series · · · P.490 Vacuum pad Sponge series · · · P.536 Vacuum pad Bellows series · · · P.560 Vacuum pad Multi-Bellows series · P.598
- Vacuum pad Oval series · · · · · P.622
- Vacuum pad Soft series · · · · P.654
- Vacuum pad Soft bellows series · P.694
- Vacuum pad Skidproof series · · · P.730
- Vacuum pad Ultrathin series · · · P.754
- Vacuum pad Flat series · · · · · P.774
- Vacuum pad Mark-free series · · · P.798
- Vacuum pad Long stroke series · P.818

When a work-piece is apart from vacuum pad, the valve is pushed up and shuts a suction passage. Small amount of air is sucked through a small hole at the center of Valve during operation.



Suction State

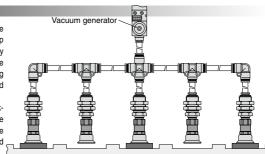
When a work-piece adheres to vacuum pad, the valve is pushed down by a spring force due to a suction flow drop. The suction passage between the valve and the body part is open.



■ Mechanism

In case several vacuum pads are operated by a single vacuum generator or vacuum pump, the vacuum drop of the whole system is minimized by automatically reducing suction flow of the part where the work-piece falls from the vacuum pad (within the range not causing any problem), or no work-piece is to be sucked, and prevent the troubles like system break down.

Regarding this system, make sure that how many workpieces could be acceptable on transporting even some work-pieces are apart from vacuum pads. Carry out the test to confirm the suitable number of vacuum pad and provide a safety measure against work-piece drops.

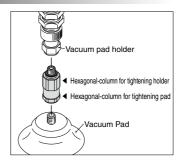


Applicable Vacuum Pad List

		Pad size	Holder type (including Long Stroke)					e)
Model code	Pad type		VPA	VPB	VPC	VPD	VPE	VPF
		(mm)	VPMA	VPMB	VPMC	VPMD	VPME	_
E0)/M0 M0	Standard Series (Small type)	Ø0.7, Ø1, Ø1.5, Ø2, Ø3, Ø4 —				0	_	
ECVM3-M3	Standard Series (General type)	ø1, ø2, ø3, ø4		-	_		0	
	Standard Series (General type & Deep type)	ø10, ø15		()		_	0
	Bellows Series	ø10, ø15					_	0
	Multi-Bellows Series	ø10					_	0
ECVM4-M4	Soft Series	ø4, ø6, ø8, ø10, ø15					_	0
ECVIVI4-IVI4	Soft Bellows Series	ø6, ø8, ø10, ø15		()		_	0
	Flat Series	ø10, ø15		(_	0
	Skidproof Series	ø10	0			_	0	
	Mark-free Series	ø10	0			_	0	
	Standard Series (General type)	ø6, ø8	_		0			
ECVM5-M5	Bellows Series	ø6, ø8	_		0			
	Ultrathin Series	ø8, ø10, ø15, ø20	_			0		
	Standard Series (General type & Deep type)	ø20, ø25, ø30, ø40, ø50	<u> </u>		_	0		
	Sponge Series	ø10, ø15, ø20, ø25, ø30, ø35, ø50)		_	
	Bellows Series	ø20, ø25, ø30, ø40, ø50	0				_	
	Multi-Bellows Series	ø20, ø30, ø40, ø50)		_	0
ECVM6-M6	Oval Series	2×4 ~ 8×30)		_	
LC V IVIO-IVIO	Soft Series	ø20, ø30, ø40	0			_		
	Soft Bellows Series	ø20	0		_			
	Flat Series	ø20, ø25, ø30	0			_		
	Skidproof Series	ø20, ø30, ø40, ø50	0				_	
	Mark-free Series	ø20, ø30	0			_		
	Standard Series (General type & Deep type)	ø60, ø80, ø100	0			_		
ECVM10-M10	Sponge Series	ø70, ø100 ø60, ø80, ø100)		_	
	Bellows Series			$\overline{}$		_		

■ How to install and disconnect

In order to fix Fall Prevention Valve, tighten hexagonal-columns with a spanner. Refer to the dimensional drawings for detail.



♠ Detailed Safety Instructions |

Before using PISCO products, be sure to read "Safety Instructions" and "Common Safety Instructions for Products Listed in This Catalog on page 43-49, and "Common Safety Instructions for Vacuum Series" on page 55-56.

Warning

- 1. Fall Prevention Valve is not a check valve. Unless a vacuum supply side has the vacuum retention function, Fall Prevention Valve can not retain vacuum. Do not use it for a vacuum retention purpose.
- Though several pieces of Fall Prevention Valve are available with a single vacuum supply, make sure to test them with an actual system before operation.
- When a leakage amount from vacuum pad Sponge Series exceeds suction flow of valve opening pressure, the valve may start to operate and there is a risk of dropping work-piece.

Caution

- 1. Safety Rules for Installation and Disconnection
 - ① Use a proper tool to install and disconnect Fall Prevention Valve.
 - ② Refer to the following tightening torque to tighten thread.

Table: Tightening torque

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Thread size	Tightening torque
M3×0.5	0.5N·m
M4×0.7	1 ~ 1.2N·m
M5×0.8	1.0 ~ 1.5N·m
M6×1	1.5 ~ 2N⋅m
M10×1.5	5.0 ~ 7.0N·m
R1/8	4.5 ~ 6.5N·m

- 2. Safety Rules for Fixing Position
 - ① When male tread of Fall Prevention Valve is connected with other equipment or vacuum pad holder, use the hexagonal-column of male thread side to tighten them. Refer to the above tightening torque.
 - ② When female thread of Fall Prevention Valve is connected with other equipment or vacuum pad, use the hexagonal-column of female thread side to tighten them. Refer to the above tightening torque.
- 3. Since there is a small amount of pressure drop during non-vacuum of work-piece, make sure to test Fall Prevention Valve with an actual system especially when a pressure sensor is used to confirm vacuum condition. Pay special attention to adjust the sensor, since the pressure drop becomes smaller by a clogged filter element during non-vacuum of work-piece.

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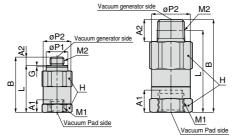


RoHS compliant

Fall Prevention Valve







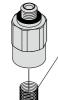
Metric thread

Taper pipe thread

Unit: mm

Model code	M1	M2	A1	A2				øP1	øP2	Hex. H	Minimum suction flow for valve operation. ($\ell/\text{min}[ANR]$)	Suction flow after valve operation ($\ell/\text{min}[ANR]$)	Effective area(mm²) Free flow	Weight (g)
ECVM3-M3	M3×0.5	M3×0.5	4.5	2.5	18.4	15.9	0.5	5.5	8	8	2	1.3	0.7	4.9
ECVM4-M4	M4×0.7	M4×0.7	4.5	2.9	19.9	17	0.6	7.8	10	10	5	1.3	1.6	7.9
ECVM5-M5	M5×0.8	M5×0.8	4.5	3	19.9	16.9	0.5	7.8	10	10	5	1.3	1.6	6.6
ECVM6-M6	M6×1	M6×1	5	4	28.1	24.1	0.5	8.8	12	12	13	1.3	4.0	13
ECVM10-M10	M10×1.5	M10×1.5	10	7.5	40	32.5	2.5	14	14	14	13	1.3	4.8	11
ECV01-01	Rc1/8	R1/8	8	8	33.5	29.5	_	_	14	14	13	1.3	4.8	10

■ Replacement Element



Spring

Spring Model code	Fall Prevention Valve
ECV01-S	ECVM3-M3
ECV02-S	ECVM4-M4, ECVM5-M5
ECV03-S	ECVM6-M6, ECVM10-M10, ECV01-01

Valve

Valve Model code	Fall Prevention Valve
	ECVM3-M3
ECV02-V	ECVM4-M4, ECVM5-M5
ECV03-V	ECVM6-M6, ECVM10-M10, ECV01-01

Stopper

Stopper Model code	Fall Prevention Valve
	ECVM3-M3
ECV02-R	ECVM4-M4, ECVM5-M5
ECV03-R	ECVM6-M6, ECVM10-M10, ECV01-01

\Filter

Filter Model code	Fall Prevention Valve
ECV01-E	ECVM3-M3
	ECVM4-M4, ECVM5-M5
ECV03-E	ECVM6-M6, ECVM10-M10, ECV01-01

■ Thoroughly read this catalog to understand the construction of Fall Prevention Valve, and confirm the Safety Rules below when filter elements are replaced. Pay attention not to lose components of this product.

(Safety Rules for Installation and Disconnection)

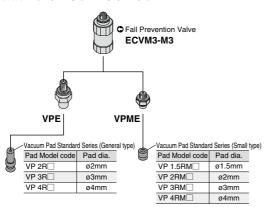
- ① Use a proper tool to install and disconnect filter elements.
- ② Refer to the following tightening torque to tighten thread.

Table: Tightening torque

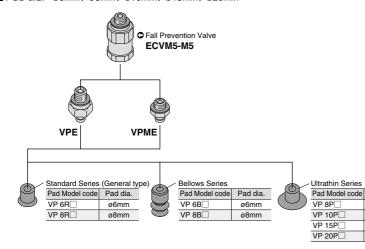
Thread size	Tightening torque
M6×0.75	0.8 ~ 1.0N·m(ECVM3-M3)
M8×0.75	1.0 ~ 2.0N·m(ECVM4-M4, ECVM5-M5)
M10×1	3.0 ~ 4.0N·m(ECVM6-M6, ECVM10-M10, ECV01-01)

■ Construction (ECVM3-M3 / ECVM5-M5)

●Pad dia.: ø1.5mm、ø2mm、3mm、ø4mm



●Pad dia.: ø6mm、ø8mm、ø10mm、ø15mm、ø20mm



Pad dia.

ø8mm

ø10mm

ø15mm

ø20mm

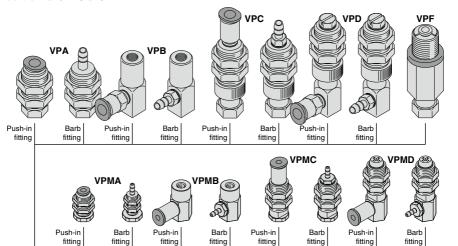
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Free Holder

■ Construction (ECVM4-M4)

●Pad dia.: ø10mm、ø15mm







/ Vacuum Pad Standard Series (General & Deep type)

	Pad Model code	Pad dia.
	VP 10R□	ø10mm
,	VP 15R(A)□	ø15mm

Vacuum Pad Skidproof Series Pad Model code Pad dia. VP 10K□ ø10mm

1	Vacuum Pad Be	llows Series	
(Pad Model code	Pad dia.	
	VP 10B□	ø10mm	
)	VP 15B□	ø15mm	

Vacuum Pad Multi-Bellows Series Pad Model code Pad dia. VP 10W ø10mm





Pad screw Model code Pad dia. ø10mm VPM 46-6 ø15mm



Pad screw

Vacuum Pad Mark-free Series Pad Model code Pad dia. ø10mm

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Vacuum Pad Soft Series				
	Pad Model code	Pad dia.		
	VP 4L□	ø4mm		
	VP 6L□	ø6mm		
)	VP 8L□	ø8mm		
	VP 10L□	ø10mm		
	VP 15L□	ø15mm		

/	Vacuum Pad Soft Bellows Serie			
X	Pad Model code	Pad dia.		
	VP 6LB□	ø6mm		
	VP 8LB□	ø8mm		
	VP 10LB□	ø10mm		
	VP 15LB□	ø15mm		



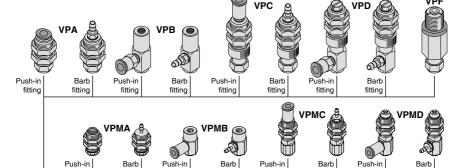
Adaptor Model code FVPLF 15-M4



Vacuum Pad Flat Series			
Pad Model code	Pad dia.		
VP 10F□	ø10mm		
VP 15F□	ø15mm		

■ Construction (ECVM6-M6)

●Pad dia.: ø10mm、ø15mm、ø20mm、ø25mm、ø30mm、ø35mm、ø40mm、ø50mm



Fall prevention valve ECVM6-M6

Plain washer

10.5×18×1.6

10.5×22×1.6

Washer Model code Pad dia.

fitting

Vacuum Pad Mark-free Series Pad Model code Pad dia. VP 20Q ø20mm VP 30Q□ ø30mm

fitting

fitting

Vacuum Pad Oval Series with Frame Pad Model code Pad dia. VP 2×4E□A 2×4mm VP 3.5×7E□A 3.5×7mm

fitting

fitting

Vacuum Pad Oval Series with Frame Pad Model code Pad dia. VP 4×20E□A 4×20mm VP 4×30E□A 4×30mm VP 5×20E□A 5×20mm VP 5×30E□A 5×30mm VP 6×20E□A 6×20mm VP 6×30E□A 6×30mm VP 8×20E□A 8×20mm VP 8×30E□A 8×30mm

fitting

fitting

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,	Vacuum Pad Standard Series (General & Deep type)				
	Pad Model code	Pad dia.			
	VP 20R(A)□	ø20mm			
	VP 25R(A)□	ø25mm			
)	VP 30R(A)□	ø30mm			
	VP 40R(A)□	ø40mm			
	VP 50R(A)□	ø50mm			

ø20, 25, 30mm

ø35, 40, 50mm

fitting

Vacuum Pad Skidproof Series Pad Model code Pad dia. VP 20K ø20mm VP 30K ø30mm VP 40K ø40mm VP 50K ø50mm

Pad Model code Pad dia VP 20B ø20mm VP 25B ø25mm VP 30B ø30mm VP 40B ø40mm VP 50B□ ø50mm Vacuum Pad Multi-Bellows Series

Vacuum Pad Bellows Series

Pad Model code Pad dia. VP 20W ø20mm VP 30W ø30mm VP 40W ø40mm VP 50W ø50mm

	Pi V
	/P

rau support		
Pad support Model code	Pad dia.	
VPW 40	ø40mm	
VPW 50	ø50mm	

ad screw Pad screw Model code Pad dia. VPM 610-8 ø20, 25mm VPM 612-10 ø30mm VPM 610-15 ø40, 50mm

VP 30L□

VP 40L□

Adaptor Adaptor Model code FVPLF 30-M6

1	/ vaoaam raa riat oonoo		
/	Pad Model code	Pad dia.	
'	VP 20F□	ø20mm	
	VP 25F□	ø25mm	
	VP 30F□	ø30mm	

ø10mm

Vacuum Pad Flat Series

Vacuum Pad Sponge Series-Pad Model code Pad dia. VP 35S ø35mm VP 50S ø50mm

Vacuum Pad Sponge Series Pad Model code Pad dia. Adaptor VP 10S□A Adaptor Model code FVPL 40-M6 Vacuum Pad Soft Series

ø30mm

ø40mm

VP 15S□A ø15mm VP 20S□A ø20mm VP 25S□A ø25mm VP 30S□A ø30mm Pad Model code Pad dia. VP 20L ø20mm Vacuum Pad Soft Bellows Series

Pad Model code Pad dia. VP 20LB ø20mm

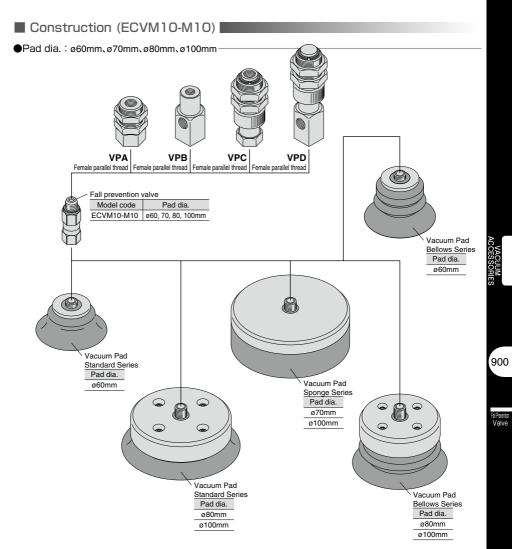


O-ring

C-shaped retaining ring

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Valve





VACUUM

VACUUM

901

Free Holder

Valve

Vacuum generator

⚠ Common Safety Instructions for Vacuum Series

Before selecting or using PISCO products, read the following instructions. Read the detailed instructions for individual series.

⚠ Warning

- 1. If there is a risk of dropping work-pieces during vacuum suction, take a safety measure against the falling of them.
- 2. Avoid supplying more than 0.1MPa pressure constantly in a vacuum circuit. Since vacuum generators are not explosive-proof, there is a risk of damaging the products.
- 3. Pay attention to drop of vacuum pressure caused by problems of the supplied air or the power supply. Decrease of suction force may lead to a danger of falling work-piece so that safety measure against the falling of them is necessary.
- 4. When more than 2 vacuum pads are plumbed on a single ejector and one of them has a suction problem such as vacuum leak, there is a risk of releasing work-pieces from the other pad due to the drop of the vacuum pressure.
- 5. Do not use in the way by which exhaust port is blocked or exhaust resistance is increased. Otherwise, there is a risk of no vacuum generation or a drop of the vacuum pressure.

- 1. Carry out clogging check for silencer element in an ejector and a vacuum filter periodically. Clogged element will be a cause to impair the performance or a cause of troubles.
- 2. Before replacing the element, thoroughly read and understand the method of filter replacement in the user's manual enclosed in the product package.
- Keep the product away from water, oil drops or dusts. These may cause malfunction. Take a proper measure to protect the product before the operation.
- 4. Refer to "9. Installation of a fitting" under "Common Safety Instructions for Products Listed in This Catalog", when installing or removing fittings.
- 5. Refer to "Common Safety Instructions for Sensors" and "Detailed Safety Instructions" of each series for the handling of digital pressure sensors.
- 6. Refer to "Common Safety Instructions for Mechanical Pressure Sensors" for the handling of mechanical pressure sensor.
- 7. The material of plastic filter cover for VG, VK, VJ, VZ, VX, VJP, VZP, VXP/VXPT, VFU2 and VFU3 series is PCTG. Avoid the adherence of chemicals below to the products, and do not use them under those chemical environments.

Table, Chemical Name

Table. Chemical Name		
Chemical Name	Chemical Name	Chemical Name
Acetone	Silicone oil	Methyl alcohol (Methanol)
Aniline	Ammonium hydroxide	Lacquer
Hydrogen chloride gas	Ammonium hydroxide concentrated	Sulfuric acid (10% 20°C)
Chloroform	Trichloroethylene (Trichlene)	Sulfuric acid concentrated (20°C)
Ethyl acetate	Toluene	Sulfuric acid concentrated (70°C)
Carbon tetrachloride	Ethylene dichloride	
Cyclohexane	Lactic acid (high temperature)	
Dimethylformamide (DMF)	Lactic acid (low temperature	
Nitric acid (61% 20°C) (concentrated nitric acid solution)	Phenol	
Silicone grease	Benzene (Benzol)	

^{*} There are more chemicals which should be avoided. Contact us for the use under chemical circumstance.

8. The material of plastic filter cover for VQ, VQP, VFUO and VFU1 series is PA. Avoid the adherence of chemicals below to the products, and do not use them under those chemical environments.

Table. Chemical Name

Chemical Name	Chemical Name	Chemical Name	
Aniline	Chromic acid (10% 70°C)	Water vapor (260°C or higher)	
Ethylene chlorohydrin	Chromic acid (25% 70°C)	Tetrachloroethane	
Epichlorohydrin	Chlorosulfonic acid	Tetrahydrofuran	
Chloroethyl (Chloroethane)	Chlorotoluene	Trichloroethylene (Trichlene)	
Thionyl chloride	Chlorobenzene	Ethylene dichloride	
Benzyl chloride	Chloroform	Methylene dichloride	
Methyl chloride	Acetic acid (Acetic anhydride)	Nitrobenzene	
Hydrochloric acid (20% 80°C)	Hypochlorous acid	Carbon disulfide	
Hydrochloric acid (37% 20°C)	Calcium hypochlorite	Perchloroethylene	
Aqua regia	Sodium hypochlorite (5% 70°C)	Phenol	
Ozone	Ethane tetrachloride	Benzyl chloride	
Sodium peroxide	Carbon tetrachloride	Acetic anhydride	
Caustic soda (30% 70°C)	Dichlorobenzene	Mono-chlorobenzene (Chlorobenzene)	
Potassium permanganate	Dimethylformamide (DMF)	Mono-chloroethanoic acid (Chloroethanoic acid)	
Formic acid (50% 20°C)	Hydrobromic Acid (20% 20°C)	Sulfuric acid concentrated (20°C)	
Formic acid (90% 20°C)	Hydrobromic Acid (40% 20°C)	Sulfuric acid concentrated (Oleum)	
Cresol	Bromine	Phosphoric acid concentrated	
Chromic acid (2% 70°C)	Water vapor (204°C ~ 260°C)		
Chromic acid (2% 50°C)	Water vapor (204°C or lower)		

^{*} There are more chemicals which should be avoided. Contact us for the use under chemical circumstance.

This Safety Instructions aim to prevent personal injury and damage to properties by requiring proper use of PISCO products.

Be certain to follow ISO 4414 and JIS B 8370.

ISO 4414: Pneumatic fluid power···General rules and safety requirements for system and their components.

JIS B 8370: General rules and safety requirements for systems and their components.

This Safety instructions are classified into "Danger", "Warning" and "Caution", depending on the degree of danger or damages caused by improper use of PISCO products.

Hazardous conditions. It can cause death or serious personal injury.



Hazardous conditions depending on usages. Improper Use of PISCO products can case death or serious personal injury.



Hazardous conditions depending on usages. Improper use of PISCO products can cause personal injury or damages to properties.

- 1. Do not use PISCO products for the following applications.
 - ①. Equipment used for maintaining / handling human life and body.
 - ②. Equipment used for moving / transporting human.
 - ③. Equipment specifically used for safety purposes.

Marning ■

- 1. Selection of pneumatic products.
 - ① A user who is a pneumatic system designer or has sufficient experience and technical expertise should select PISCO products.
 - ② Due to wide variety of operating conditions and applications for PISCO products, carry out the analysis and evaluation on PISCO products. The pneumatic system designer is solely responsible for assuring that the user's requirements are met and that the application presents no health or safety hazards. All designers are required to fully understand the specifications of PISCO products and constitute all systems based on the latest catalog or information, considering any malfunction.
- 2. Usage environment

Do not use PISCO products under the following conditions.

- ①. Beyond the specifications or conditions stated in the catalog, or the instructions.
- ②. Use at outdoors.
- Excessive vibrations and impacts.
- Exposure / adhere to corrosive gas, flammable gas, chemicals, seawater, water and vapor.

^{※ .} Safety Instructions are subject to change without notice.



3. Handling of product

- ①. The pneumatic equipments shall be handled by a person having enough knowledge and experiences. Improper use of compressed air is dangerous. Assembly, operation and maintenance of machines using pneumatic equipment should be conducted by a person with enough knowledge and experience.
- Do not operate machine / equipment or remove pneumatic equipment until safety is confirmed.
 - (1). Make sure that preventive measures against falling work-pieces or sudden movements of machine are completed before inspection or maintenance of these machine.
 - (2). Make sure the above preventive measures are completed. A compressed air supply and the power supply to the machine must be off, and also the compressed air in the systems must be exhausted.
 - (3). Restart the machines with care after ensuring to take all preventive measures against sudden movements.
- ③. Do not disassemble or modify PISCO products, which affect the performance, function, and basic structure of the product.
- ④. Take safety measures such as providing a protection cover if there is a risk of causing damages or fire on machine / facilities by a fluid leakage.
- Do not touch the release-ring of push-in fitting when there is a working pressure.
- Frequent switchover of compressed air may generate heat, and there is a risk of causing burn injury.
- ②. Avoid any load on PISCO products, such as, a tensile strength, twisting and bending. Otherwise, there is a risk of causing damage to the products.
- ®. Do not use PISCO products for applications where threads or tubes swing / rotate. The product can be damaged in these applications.
- ① Do not force the product to rotate or swing even its resin body is rotatable. It may cause damage to the product and a fluid leakage.
- ① Do not supply excessively dry air to products. It may cause malfunction due to a deterioration of rubber parts.
- ①. Do not wash or paint products with water or solvent. Solvent may damage a resin body, or painting may cause malfunction.
- ®. The product incorporating NBR as seal rubber material has a risk of malfunction caused by ozone crack. Ozone exists in high concentrations in static elimination air, clean-room, and near the highvoltage motors, etc. As a countermeasure, material change from NBR to HNBR or FKM is necessary. Consult with PISCO for more information.
- ③. Do not stand on a product, or put anything on it. It may cause falls, personal injury or damage to the product.

Safety Instructions

Warranty

When the product produces a trouble, which is caused by our responsibility, we will carry out either one of the following measures immediately.

- (1). Free-of-charge replacement of same product
- ②. Free-of-charge repair of the product at our factory

Disclaimer

- 1. PISCO does not take any responsibility for any incidental or indirect loss, such as production line stop, interruption of business, loss of benefits, personal injury, etc., caused by any failure on use or application of PISCO products.
- 2. When a cause of the trouble/malfunction applies to any of the following items, it is excluded from the coverage of the above warranty.
 - ①. A case by a natural disaster, a fire except our responsibility, the act by the third person/party, the intention or fault of the customer.
 - ②. A case when a product is used out of the specific range or the method listed in the product catalog or the instruction manual.
 - A case by the remodeling of the product or by a change of structure, performance, or specifications which PISCO does not involved in.
 - ④. A case by the event that is unpredictable by the evaluations and the measures at the time on or before the initial delivery.
 - ⑤. A case caused by the phenomenon that is able to be evaded if your machine or equipment has functions or structures that are comprised in a common sense when this product is incorporated in your machine or equipment.
- 3. The damages caused by the defect of PISCO products shall be covered but limited to the full amount of the PISCO products paid by the customer. Additionally, the above warranty is limited simply to the product itself. The damage induced by the trouble of the product will not be compensated.





Common Safety Instructions for Products Listed in This Catalog

- 1. An odd noise may be heard when supply pressures are immediately before the peak of vacuum levels. The sounding of this odd noise means the characteristics are unstable and the sound may become even noisier. This situation can also adversely affect the sensor, resulting in a malfunction or trouble. So reset the supply pressure.
 - ※. Pressure range in which odd noise occurs is affected by atmospheric pressure.
- 2. Piping design and equipment selection should be made with an effective sectional area on supply pressure side of a vacuum generator being 3 times as large as the nozzle diameter as a standard. Insufficient air flow may impair the performance of the product.
- 3. Do not use a lubricator on products.
- 4. Clean or replace silencer element periodically. There is a possibility of dropping the performance or causing troubles by clogging on the element.
- 5. Keep products away from water, oil drops or dusts because they are neither drip-proof nor dust-proof. Otherwise there is a possibility of causing malfunction, damage to the products, or dropping the performance.
- 6. Piping
 - ①. Compressed air contains a volume of drain (water, oxidized oil and foreign material, etc.) Because the drain reduce product performance remarkably, dehumidify air with an aftercooler and a dryer, and improve the air quality.
 - Do not use a lubricator on products.
 - Rust in pipe and inflow of foreign substances cause the trouble. malfunction, and degradation of the product. Please install a filter (5 μ m) or better filtration) in the compressed air supply line right in front of the product. The flushing inside the pipe before use and in certain intervals is recommended.
 - Remove dusts or drain before piping. They may get into the peripheral machine / facilities and cause malfunction.
 - (5). When inserting an ultra-soft tube into push-in fitting, make sure to place an Insert Ring into the tube edge. There is a risk of causing the escape of tube and a fluid leakage without using an Insert Ring.
 - Arrange piping avoiding any load on fittings and tubes such as twist, tensile, moment load, shaking and physical impact. These may cause damages to fittings, tube deformations, bursting and the escape of
 - (7). Install protective cover when using at a place getting the direct sunlight.
 - Be sure to confirm each port of a vacuum generator with its appearance drawing or the marking on it before piping. Incorrect piping has a risk of damaging the product.
 - Plumb a pressure sensor and a vacuum generator with pressure sensor at the end of vacuum system as much as possible. A long distance between a pressure sensor and a vacuum system end may increase plumbing resistance which may lead to a high vacuum level at the sensor even when no suctioning and a malfunction of pressure sensor. Make sure to evaluate the products in an actual system.

- ①. A Shorter distance of plumbing with a wider bore is preferable at vacuum system side. A long plumbing with a small bore may result in slow response time at the time of releasing work-piece as well as in failure to secure adequate suction flow rate.
- ①. In case of using non-PISCO brand tubes, make sure the tolerance of the outer tube diameter is within the limits of Table 1.

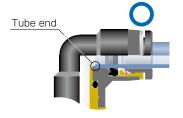
_	T - I- I -	- T	TL	\cap	Tolerance

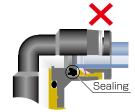
mm size	Nylon tube	Polyurethane tube
ø1.8mm	_	±0.05mm
ø2mm	_	±0.05mm
ø3mm	_	±0.15mm
ø4mm	±0.1mm	±0.15mm
ø6mm	±0.1mm	±0.15mm
ø8mm	±0.1mm	±0.15mm
ø10mm	±0.1mm	±0.15mm
ø12mm	±0.1mm	±0.15mm
ø16mm	±0.1mm	±0.15mm

inch size	Nylon tube	Polyurethane tube
ø1/8	±0.1mm	±0.15mm
ø5/32	±0.1mm	±0.15mm
ø3/16	±0.1mm	±0.15mm
ø1/4	±0.1mm	±0.15mm
ø5/16	±0.1mm	±0.15mm
ø3/8	±0.1mm	±0.15mm
ø1/2	±0.1mm	±0.15mm
ø5/8	±0.1mm	±0.15mm

7-1. Tube insertion (Push-in fitting)

- ①. Make sure that the cut end surface of the tube is at a right angle without a scratch on the tube surface or deformations.
- ②. When inserting a tube, the tube needs to be inserted fully into the push-in fitting until the tubing edge touches the tube end of the fitting as shown in the figure below. Otherwise, there is a risk of leakage.





Tube is not fully inserted up to tube end.

- 3. After inserting the tube, make sure it is inserted properly and not to be disconnected by pulling it moderately.
 - **. When inserting tubes, Lock-claws may be hardly visible in the hole, observed from the front face of the release-ring. But it does not mean the tube will surely escape. Major causes of the tube escape are the followings; ① Shear drop of the lock-claws edge ② The problem of tube diameter (usually small). Therefore, follow the above instructions from ① to ③, even lock-claws is hardly visible.

7-2. Tube insertion (Compression fitting)

①. Make sure that the cut end surface of the tube is at a right angle without deformations or a scratch on its inner and outer surface.



- Pass the tube through the nut and insert the barb into the tube up to the barb end. Then tighten the hexagonal-column of the nut with a proper tool.
- ③. Refer to Table 2 which shows the tightening torque.
 - *. Hold the tube when tightening the nut, since the tube may rotate along with the nut.
- ④. Make sure that the nut touches the metallic body. If not, loosen the nut, disconnect the tube and start over again from the process ①.
- ⑤. Make sure that there is no leakage after tightening the nut.
- ⑥. After inserting the tube, make sure it is inserted properly and not to be disconnected by pulling it moderately.

■ Table 2. Nut tightening torque

Tube O.D.	Tightening torque
ø10	Max.4N·m
ø12	Max.5N·m
ø16	Max.14N·m

8-1. Tube disconnection (Push-in fitting)

- ①. Make sure there is no air pressure inside of the tube, before disconnecting it.
- ②. Push the release-ring of the push-in fitting evenly and deeply enough to pull out the tube toward oneself. By insufficient pushing of the release-ring, the tube may not be pulled out or damaged by scratch, and tube shavings may remain inside of the fitting, which may cause the leakage later.
- 8-2. Tube disconnection (Compression fitting)
 - ①. Make sure there is no air pressure inside of the tube, before disconnecting it.
 - ②. Use a proper tool to loosen the nut. Then disconnect the tube.
- 9. Installation of a fitting
 - ①. When installing a fitting, use proper tools to tighten a hexagonal-column or an inner hexagonal socket. When inserting a hex key into the inner hexagonal socket of the fitting, be careful so that the tool does not touch lock-claws. The deformation of lock-claws may result in a poor performance of systems or an escape of the tube.
 - ②. Refer to Table 3 which shows the tightening torque. Do not exceed these limits to tighten a thread. Excessive tightening may break the thread part or deform the gasket to cause a fluid leakage. Tightening thread with tightening torque lower than these limits may cause a loosened thread or a fluid leakage. Since the sealability is affected by the processing condition of the installing part, adjust the tightening torque or correct the installing part, according to the condition.
 - Adjust the tube direction while tightening thread within these limits, since some PISCO products are not rotatable after the installation.

■ Table 3. Tightening torque / Sealock color / Gasket materials

Table 6. Hightening torque / Coulous Color / Cabitot materials						
Thread type	Thread size	Tightening torque	Sealock color	Gasket material		
Metric thread	$M3 \times 0.5$	0.7N·m		SUS304+NBR SPCC+NBR		
	$M5 \times 0.8$	1 ~ 1.5N·m				
	$M6 \times 1$	2 ~ 2.7N·m				
	$M3 \times 0.5$	0.7N⋅m	n/a			
	$M5 \times 0.8$	1 ~ 1.5N·m		POM		
	M6 × 0.75	0.8 ~ 1N·m				
	M8 × 0.75	1 ~ 2N·m				
Taper pipe thread	R1/8	4.5 ~ 6.5N⋅m	White	_		
	R1/4	7 ~ 9N⋅m				
	R3/8	12.5 ~ 14.5N·m	vvriite			
	R1/2	20 ~ 22N·m				
Unified thread	No.10-32UNF	1 ~ 1.5N·m	n/a	SUS304+NBR, SPCC+NBR		
National Pipe Thread Taper (American standard)	1/16-27NPT	4.5 ~ 6.5N⋅m				
	1/8-27NPT	4.5 ~ 6.5N⋅m				
	1/4-18NPT	7 ~ 9N⋅m	White	_		
	3/8-18NPT	12.5 ~ 14.5N·m				
	1/2-14NPT	20 ~ 22N·m				
G thread	G1/4	12 ~ 14N·m				
	G3/8	22 ~ 24N·m	n/a Aluminum + PBT			
	G1/2	28 ~ 30N·m				

- *. These values may differ for some products. Refer to each specification as well.
- ④. When removing a fitting, use proper tools to loosen a hexagonal-column or an inner hexagonal socket. When inserting a hex key into the inner hexagonal socket of the fitting, be careful so that the tool does not touch lock-claws. The deformation of lock-claws may result in a poor performance of systems or an escape of the tube.
- ⑤. Remove the sealant stuck on the mating equipment. The remained sealant may get into the peripheral equipment and cause malfunctions.
- 10. Handling of fitting
 - ①. Impact caused by dropping or the like may lead to damage to the product and a fluid leakage.